SYLLABI AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATIONS FOR MASTER OF ARTS (HISTORY)

(Based on Curriculum and Credit Framework as per NEP 2020)

With effect from the Academic Session 2025-26



CENTRE FOR DISTANCE AND ONLINE EDUCATION MAHARSHI DAYANAND UNIVERSITY ROHTAK (HARYANA)

SCHEME OF EXAMINATIONS MASTER OF ARTS (HISTORY)

Type of Course	Nomenclature of Course	Course Code	Total Credits	Assignment Marks	Term End Examination (Theory) Marks	Total Marks
	Sen	nester I (2025-26 (Onwards	5)		
DSC1	Ancient Societies-I	25HIS201DS01OD	4	30	70	100
DSC2	Medieval Societies (Islamic and Europe)	25HIS201DS02OD	4	30	70	100
DSC3	Modern World : Socio-Economic Trends	25HIS201DS03OD	4	30	70	100
DSC4	History of Haryana (Earliest Times to Sultanate)	25HIS201DS04OD	4	30	70	100
DSC5	State in India (Earliest Times to Sultanate)	25HIS201DS05OD	4	30	70	100
SEC1	Science & Technology in Pre-colonial India	25HIS201SE01OD	4	30	70	100
	Sem	ester II (2025-26 (Onward	s)		
DSC6	Ancient Societies-II	25HIS202DS01OD	4	30	70	100
DSC7	Medieval Societies (India)	25HIS202DS02OD	4	30	70	100
DSC8	Modern World : Political Trends	25HIS202DS03OD	4	30	70	100
DSC9	History of Haryana (Mughal to 1947)	25HIS202DS04OD	4	30	70	100
DSC10	State in India (Mughal to Modern)	25HIS202DS05OD	4	30	70	100
SEC2	Nationalism in India	25HIS202SE01OD	4	30	70	100

Type of Course	Nomenclature of Course	Course Code	Total Credits	Assignment Marks	Term End Examination (Theory) Marks	Total Marks
	Seme	ester III (2026-27	7 Onwar	ds)		
DSC11	Historiography: Concepts, Methods & Tools-I	26HIS203DS01OD	4	30	70	100
DSC12	Political History of India (1757-1947)-I	26HIS203DS14OD	4	30	70	100
DSC13	Indian National Movement (1885- 1919)	26HIS203DS15OD	4	30	70	100
DSC14	Society & Culture of India (1757-1947)-I	26HIS203DS16OD	4	30	70	100
DSC15	Economic History of India (1757-1947)-I	26HIS203DS17OD	4	30	70	100
SEC3	Survey of Sources of Indian History	26HIS203SE01OD	4	30	70	100
	Seme	ester IV (2026-27	7 Onwar	ds)		
DSC16	Historiography: Concepts, Methods & Tools-II	26HIS204DS01OD	4	30	70	100
DSC17	Political History of India (1757-1947)-II	26HIS204DS14OD	4	30	70	100
DSC18	Indian National Movement (1920- 1947)	26HIS204DS15OD	4	30	70	100
DSC19	Society & Culture of India (1757-1947)-II	26HIS204DS16OD	4	30	70	100
DSC20	Economic History of India (1757-1947)-II	26HIS204DS17OD	4	30	70	100
SEC4	Regional History	26HIS204SE01OD	4	30	70	100

SEMESTER - I

Syllabi for Post Graduate Programme in <u>History</u>

Semester: 1st Semester

Name of the Program	Post-Graduate Programme	Program Code	HIS2
Name of the Course	Ancient Societies-I	Course Code	25HIS201DS01OD
Hours per week	4	Course Credits	4
Max. Marks	100 {External (term-end exam) -70 }	Time of	3 Hours
	(Internal – 30)	Examination	

Note:Examiner will set nine questions and the candidates will be required to attempt five questions in all. Question number one will be compulsory containing short answer type questions from all units. Further, examiner will set two questions from each unit and the candidates will be required to attempt one question from each Unit. All questions will carry equal marks.

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

- 1. Students will be able to get the basics knowledge of the mankind and development of Stone tools and probably their uses.
- 2. Students will be able to understand the different regional variations of the Stone Age.
- 3. Students will be able to analysis the decline of the civilizations.
- 4. Students will be able to effectively understand the relationship of different civilizations to each other.

Unit - I

Stone Age and Chalcolithic Cultures

- 1. Origin of tool making
- 2. Palaeolithic Cultures of the World: Lower, Middle and Upper
- 3. Palaeolithic Art
- 4. Mesolithic and Neolithic Cultures: Origin of agriculture and settled life

Unit – II

Bronze Age Civilization in Mesopotamia

- 1. Origin of Early City States, Origin of Empires
- 2. (Sumerian and Akkadian) State Structure, Economy, Social Stratification and Religion

Bronze Age Civilization in Egypt

3. Origin, State Structure, Economy & Trade, Social life, Religion

Unit – III

Harappan Civilization

- 1. Pre-Harappan and Early Harappan Cultures
- 2. Origin, authors and extent of the Harappan Civilization
- 3. Development of Harappan Civilization
- 4. Trade, Economy, Social and Religious Life
- 5. Decline and Legacy of Harappan Civilization

Unit – IV

Chinese Civilization:

- 1. Beginning Middle Kingdom, Shang Civilization,
- 2. Socio-Economic Life and Religious Beliefs

Mayan Civilization

1. Socio-Economic Life, Arts, Science and Technology

Inca Civilization

1. Socio-Economic Life, Arts, Science and Technology

- Agrawal, D. P. and J. S. Kharakwal, Bronze and Iron Ages in South Asia, New Delhi, 2003
- Agrawal, D. P. and M. D. Yadava, Dating the Human Past, Pune, 1995
- Allchin, B. and F. R. Allchin, The Rise of Civilization in India and Pakistan, Cambridge, 1988
- Allchin, B. and F. R. Allchin, Origins of a Civilization: The Prehistory and Early Archaeology of India, New Delhi, 1997
- Banning, E. B., The Archaeologist's Laboratory The Analysis of Archaeological Data, New York, 2002
- Beers Burton, F. World History: Patterns of Civilization, Prentice Hall, New Jersey, 1993.
- Chakrabarti, D. K., Fifty Years of Indian Archaeology (1960-2010): Journey of a Foot Soldier, New Delhi, 2012
- Chakrabarti, D. K., History of Indian Archaeology, New Delhi, 1988
- Chakrabarti, D. K., History of Indian Archaeology: The Beginning to 1947, New Delhi, 1995
- Child, V.G. What Happened in History, UK, 1964
- Demarest, A. A., Ancient Maya, California, 2005
- Dhavalikar, M. K., Historical Archaeology of India, New Delhi, 1999
- Drewett. L. Peter, Field Archaeology, London, 1999
- Goyal, Shriram, Vishva ki Prachin Sabhyatayen, Varanasi, 1994
- Kenover, J. M., Ancient Cities of the Indus Civilization, Oxford, 1998
- Kramer, S. N., The Sumerians, Chicago, 1963
- Kumar, Rakesh, Ancient and Medieval World, New Delhi, 2018
- Pathak, S. M., Vishva ki Prachin Sabhyataon ka Itihas, Patna, 1986
- Possehi, G. L., Harappan Civilization: A Contemporary Perspective, New Delhi, 1982
- Ray, Uday Narayain, Vishva Sabhyata Ka Itihas, Allahabad, 1982
- Sharer, Robert, J., Daily Life in Inca Civilization, London, 2009
- Silverman, David, R., Ancient Egypt, USA, 1997
- Singh, Purushottam, The Neolithic Origins, New Delhi, 1997
- Spievogei, Jackson, J. James, A. banks et.al. Ancient Civilization, New York, 2007
- Thapiyal, K. K. & S. P. Shukla, Sindhu Sabhyata, Lucknow, 1976

Semester: 1st Semester

Name of the	Post-Graduate Programme	Program Code	HIS2
Program			
Name of the Course	Medieval Societies (Islamic and Europe)	Course Code	25HIS201DS02OD
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Hours per week	4	Course Credits	4
Max. Marks	100 {External (term-end exam) – 70}	Time of	3 Hours
	(Internal - 30)	Examination	

Note: Examiner will set nine questions and the candidates will be required to attempt five questions in all. Question number one will be compulsory containing short answer type questions from all units. Further, examiner will set two questions from each unit and the candidates will be required to attempt one question from each Unit. All questions will carry equal marks.

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

- 1. Students will be able to evaluate the various developments in Islamic World.
- 2. Students will be able to understand the decline of feudalism and the advent of capitalism.
- 3. Students will be able to understand the emergence of the Arab Caliphate and their role.
- 4. Students will be able to effectively understand the relationship of society through religion.

Unit - I

Islamic: Political

- 1. Rise of Islam: Socio-Political Background and Rise of Prophet Muhammad, His Life and Teachings.
- 2. Evolution of Islamic State : Medina to Caliphate
- 3. Evolution of Islamic State: Umayyad to Abbasid

Unit – II

Islamic: Social, Economic and Cultural

- 1. Society under the Caliphate
- 2. Economy under the Caliphate
- 3. Contribution of Arab Civilization

Unit – III

Europe: Political Structures

- 1. Transition from Ancient to Medieval Society
- 2. State and Church, Church and Society
- 3. Feudalism: Manorial System, Serfdom

$Unit - \overline{IV}$

Europe: Economic, Religious, Cultural Salient

- 1. Trade and Commerce
- 2. Technology
- 3. Protestantism Reformation
- 4. Renaissance

- Anderson, P., Passage from Antiquity to Feudalism, London, 1996
- Arnold, T. W., The Caliphate, USA, 1999
- Bloch, Marc. H., Feudal Society, 2 Vols, Chicago, 1961
- Hitti, P. K., The Arabs: A Short History, London, 1948
- Holt, Peter Malcolm and A. K. Lambton, The Cambridge History of Islam, Cambridge, 1970
- Kumar, Rakesh, Ancient and Medieval World, New Delhi, 2018
- Levy, R., Social Structure of Islam, New York, 1969
- Lewis, Bernard, Islam in History, Peru, 2001
- Lewis, Bernard, The Arabs in History, UK, 1973
- Lewis, Bernard, The Middle East: A Brief History of the Last 2000 Years, New York, 1997
- Mukhia, Harbans, The Feudalism Debate, New Delhi, 2003
- Pirenne, Henri, Economic and Social History of Medieval Europe, UK, 2006
- Postan, M. M., Medieval Trade and Commerce, Cambridge, 1970
- White, Jr., Lynn, Medieval Technology and Social Change, UK, 1973

Semester: 1st Semester

Name	of	the	Post-Grad	luate Prog	ramme	Program Code		HIS2
Program								
Name	of	the	Modern	World:	Socio-Economic	Course Code		25HIS201DS03OD
Course			Trends					
Hours per	r weel	ζ.	4			Course Credits		4
Max. Mai	rks		100 {Exte	ernal (term-	end exam) -70 }	Time	of	3 Hours
			(Inter	nal – 30)		Examination		

Note: Examiner will set nine questions and the candidates will be required to attempt five questions in all. Question number one will be compulsory containing short answer type questions from all units. Further, examiner will set two questions from each unit and the candidates will be required to attempt one question from each Unit. All questions will carry equal marks.

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

- 1. Students will be able to understand various socio-economic trends in the modern period.
- 2. Students will be able to evaluate how the modern west emerged through renaissance and other socio-economic developments.
- 3. Students will be able to evaluate how the new political system emerged.
- 4. Students will be able to effectively understand new order in the world in the form of socialism and about the world crisis of 1919 and 1939 which led to world wars.

Unit - I

Rise of Modern World

- 1. Renaissance
- 2. Reformation

Age of mercantilism and the Beginnings of Capitalism

- 1. Features of Mercantilism
- 2. Mercantile Activities of Different Countries
- 3. Beginnings of Capitalism

Unit - II

Agricultural Revolution in Western Europe

- 1. Agricultural System in Pre-Modern Period
- 2. Development of New Methods and Knowledge
- 3. Impact of the New Agriculture

Development of Science and Technology

- 1. Its History
- 2. Technological Revolution
- 3. Impact of the Revolution

Unit – III

Development of Capitalism

- 1. Britain
- 2. France
- 3. Germany
- 4. Japan

Development of Imperialism

- 1. Geographical Expansion : Asia & Africa
- 2. Its Theories: Economic and Non-Economic

Unit - IV

Stages of Colonialism in India

- 1. Mercantile Capital Stage
- 2. Industrial/Free Trade Capital Stage
- 3. Finance Capital Stage

The Far East and Western Economic Dominance

- Japan
- 2. China: Opium Wars and the Development of Treaty Port System

REFERENCES:

- Carr, E.H., The Bolshevik Revolution, Vol. I, USA, 1966
- Chandra, Bipan, Nationalism and Colonialism in Modern India, New Delhi, 1996
- Cipolla, C. M., Fontana Economic History of Europe, Vol. III, New York, 1976
- Desai, A. R., Social Background of Indian Nationalism, New Delhi, 2023
- Dobb, Maurice, Studies in the Development of Capitalism, UK, 1974
- Dutt, R. P., India Today, England, 2006
- Emerson, Rupert, From Empire to Nation: The Rise to Self Assertion of Asian and African People, India Quarterly, Vol. 17 (2), 1961
- Fairbank, John, K. et al., East Asia: Modern Transformation, USA, 1965
- Hilton, Rodney, The Transition from Feudalism to Capitalism, New Delhi, 2010
- Hobsbawm, E. J., Nation and Nationalism, England, 1970
- Joll, Jomes, Origin of the First World War, London, 1984
- Jophson Chalmers A., Peasant Nationalism and Communist Power: The Emergency of Red China 1937-1945, California, 1962
- Lichthein, George, Short History of Socialism, UK, 1976
- Lucas, Colin, The French Revolution and the Making of Modern Political Culture. Vol. 2, UK, 1988
- McGlinchey, Stephen., International Relations, EBook, 2016
- Riasanovsky, N. V., A History of Russia, London, 1984
- Roth, J. J., World War II: A Turning Point in Modern History, Bangalore, 1967
- Snyder, Louis L., The Meaning of Nationalism, London, 1968
- Thompson, David, Europe Since Napoleon, Bangalore, 1962

Semester: 1st Semester

Name of the	Post-Graduate Programme	Program	HIS2
Program		Code	
Name of the	History of Haryana (Earlier Times to	Course Code	25HIS201DS04OD
Course	Sultanate)		
Hours per week	4	Course	4
		Credits	
Max. Marks	100 {External (term-end exam) – 70}	Time of	3 Hours
	(Internal - 30)	Examination	

Note: Examiner will set nine questions and the candidates will be required to attempt five questions in all. Question number one will be compulsory containing short answer type questions from all units. Further, examiner will set two questions from each unit and the candidates will be required to attempt one question from each Unit. All questions will carry equal marks.

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

- 1. Students will be able to understand the theme of regional history.
- 2. Students will be able to analyze the rise of various cultures in the region of Haryana.
- 3. Students will be able to evaluate the efforts of the people of this region in the foreign invasions.
- 4. Students will be able to effectively explain and analyze the Turkish invasion and its impacts on Haryana.

Unit - I

Early Phase

- 1. Sources of Ancient History of Haryana
- 2. The Stone Age
- 3. Harappan Civilization : General Features
- 4. Vedic Civilization : Origin and Development, Traditional History of the Kurus

Unit - II

Towards State Formation

- 1. Origin and Development of Monarchy
- 2. Historicity of the Battle of Mahabharata
- 3. Yaudheyas
- 4. Agras and Kunindas
- 5. Pushpabhutis

Unit – III

Rise of New Powers

- 1. Gurjara- Pratiharas
- 2. Tomaras
- 3. Chahmanas
- 4. The Battles of Tarain and their impact

Unit – IV

Sultanate Period

- 1. Sources of Medieval History of Haryana
- 2. Haryana on the eve of Turkish Invasion
- 3. Revolts of Meos and Rajputs
- 4. Provincial Administration

- Buddha Prakash, Glimpses of Haryana, Kurukshetra, 1969
- Buddha Prakash, Haryana through the Ages, Kurukshetra, 1962
- Dasgupta, K. K., Tribal History of Ancient India, California, 1974
- Devahuti, D., Harsha: A Political Study, New Delhi, 1970
- Dwivedi, H.N., Dilli ke Tomar (736-1193), Gwalior, 1973
- Goyal, J.B., Haryana-Puratattna, Itihas, Sanskriti, Sahitya evom Lokwarta, New Delhi, 1966
- Gupta, S.P. & K. S. Chandran, Mahabharata: Myth and Reality, New Delhi, 1976
- Phadke, H. A., Haryana: Ancient and Medieval, New Delhi, 1990
- Phogat, S. R., Inscriptions of Haryana, Kurukshetra, 1978
- Puri, B. N., History of Gurjar-Prathiharas, New Delhi, 1968
- Sen, S. P., Sources of the History of India, Vol. II, New Delhi, 1979
- Sharda, Sadhu Ram, Haryana-Ek Sanskritik Adyayan, Chandigarh, 1978
- Sharma, D., Early History of Chahamanas, Delhi, 1959
- Singh, Fauja, History of the Punjab, Vol. I-III, Patiala, 1997-2000
- Suraj Bhan, Excavations at Mithathal (1968) and other Explorations in Satluj Yamuna Divide, Kurukshetra, 1975
- Tripathi, R. S., History of Kanauj, New Delhi, 1964
- Yadav, K. C., Haryana: Itihas evom Sanskriti, Part 1 & 2, New Delhi, 1994

Semester: 1st Semester

	Post-Graduate Programme	Program	HIS2
Program		Code	
Name of the Course	State in India (Earliest Times to	Course Code	25HIS201DS05OD
	Sultanate)		
Hours per week	4	Course	4
•		Credits	
Max. Marks	100 {External (term-end exam) – 70}	Time of	3 Hours
	(Internal – 30)	Examination	

Note: Examiner will set nine questions and the candidates will be required to attempt five questions in all. Question number one will be compulsory containing short answer type questions from all units. Further, examiner will set two questions from each unit and the candidates will be required to attempt one question from each Unit. All questions will carry equal marks.

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

- 1. Students will be able to evaluate and analyze the institutional history, how the institutions of state rise and develop in India.
- 2. Students will be able to evaluate the nature of the state and continuity and changes with the time and dynasty.
- 3. Students will be able to understand the emergence of imperial power during the classical age in India.
- 4. Students will be able to effectively formulate logical arguments substantiated with historical aspects.

Unit - I

Towards Formation of State

- 1. Different Theories of the formation of State
- 2. Proto State
- 3. Chiefdoms of Later Vedic Times

Unit – II

The Mauryan State

- 1. Central Administration
- 2. Provincial Administration

The Gupta Polity

- 1. Central Administration
- 2. Administrative Units

Unit – III

Delhi Sultanate

- 1. Islamic Theory of State
- 2. Nature of State under the Sultans
- 3. State and the Ulemas.

Unit - IV

Delhi Sultanate

- 1. Central Administrative
- 2. Provincial Administration
- 3. Military Organization

- Altekar, A. S., State and Government in Ancient India, New Delhi, 1958
- Bhandarakar, D. R., Some Aspects of Hindu Polity, New Delhi, 1988.
- Chandra, Bipan, Nationalism and .Colonialism in India, 1996
- Chandra, Satish, Medieval India (From Sultanate to the Mughals, 1206-1526), Vol. I, New Delhi, 1997
- Dishitar, V. R. R., The Gupta Polity, New Delhi, 1993.
- Dishitar, V. R. R., The Mauryan Polity, New Delhi, 1993.
- Dutta, K. P., Administrative Aspects of Medieval Institutions in India, New Delhi, 1973.
- Ghosal, U. N., A History of India Political Ideas, Oxford, 1968.
- Habib, Irfan, Madhakaleen Bharat, Vols. I-VIII, New Delhi, 1981-2003.
- Habibullah, A. B. M., The Foundation of Muslim Rule in India, Allahabad, 1961
- Sarkar, B. K., Political Institution and Theories of the Hindus, Calcutta, 1994
- Sharma, R. S., Aspect of Political Ideas & Institutions in Early India, New Delhi, 1996
- Tripathi, R. P., Some Aspects of Muslim Administration, Allahabad, 1989
- Verma, H. C., Madhyakaleen Bharat (750-1540AD), Vol. I, New Delhi, 1983

Semester: 1st Semester (Skill-Enhancement Course)

Name of the	Post Graduate Programme	Program Code	HIS2
Program			
Name of the	Science and Technology in Pre-Colonial	Course Code	25HIS201SE01OD
Course	India		
Hours per week	4	Course Credits	4
	Marks		
Written test (2 X 15	30		
MCQs/ Quizzes/ Gr	20		
Case study / Mini p	25		
Seminar / Presentation (2 X 10)			20
Attendance	05		
Max. Marks			100

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

- 1. Students will be able to get the basic knowledge of science and technology.
- 2. Students will be able to understand the impacts of science and technology to human evolution and after.
- 3. Students will be able to get basic knowledge of development of science and technology over the time period.
- 4. Students will be able to effectively understand the relevance of science and technology for Society.

Unit - I

- 1. Science and Technology: Meaning and Scope
- 2. Sources of History of Science and technology in India
- 3. Origins and development of technology in pre-historic period
- 4. Beginnings of agriculture and its impact on the growth of science and technology

Unit - II

- 1. Science and technology during Vedic and later Vedic times including physical and biological sciences
- 2. Major developments in the history of science and technology from AD 1st century to c. 1000 A.D.
- 3. Major developments in the history of science and technology from 1000 A.D. to 18th Century A.D.
- 4. India's Interaction with China, Central and West Asia

Unit – III

- 1. Development of Nyaya Philosophy and its Social Context
- 2. Philosophical Concepts Relevant to Sciences in Indian Tradition
- 3. Developments in astronomy with special references to Aryabhata, Varamihira and Bhaskara-I
- 4. Developments in medicine and surgery: Charaka and Sushruta Samhitas
- 5. Developments in human anatomy, physiology and materia medica

Unit - IV

- 1. Concept of rationality and scientific ideas in Arab thought and its reception in India
- 2. New Developments in technology Persian wheel; gun-powder, textiles, bridge building, etc
- 3. Developments in medical knowledge and interaction between Unani and Ayurveda and Alchemy
- 4. Astronomy in the Arab world and its impact on India with special reference to Sawai Jai Singh

References:

- Ainslie, W., Materia Indica, New Delhi, 1984
- Bhagvat, Sinhjee, Aryan Medical Science: A Short History, New Delhi, 1981
- Castiglioni, Arturo, History of Medicine, London, 1947
- Chattopadhyaya, D. P., Medicine and Life Sciences in India, Vol. IV (2), New Delhi, 2009
- Devid, Arnold, Science, Technology and medicine in Colonial India. The New Cambridge History of India Series, Cambridge, 1999
- Gyan Prakash, Another Reason: Science and the Imagination of Modern, New Delhi, 2000
- Hammed, Hakeem Abdul, Exchanges Between India and Central Asia in the Field of Medicine, New Delhi, 1986
- Jolly, J., Indian Medicine, New Delhi, 1997
- Kumar, Deepak, Disease and Medicine in India: A Historical Overview, New Delhi, 2000
- Kumar, Deepak, Science and the Raj, New Delhi, 1995
- Qaiser, A. J., The Indian Response to European Technology and Culture, New Delhi, 1982.
- Raina, D. and Habib I., Situating History of Science: Dialogues with Joseph Needham, New Delhi, 1999
- Sangwan, S., Science, Technology and Colonization: Indian Experience, New Delhi, 1990

SEMESTER - II

Semester: 2nd Semester

Name of the	Post-Graduate Programme	Program Code	HIS2
Program	_		
Name of the Course	Ancient Societies-II	Course Code	25HIS202DS01OD
Hours per week	4	Course Credits	4
Max. Marks	100 {External (term-end exam) -70 }	Time of	3 Hours
	(Internal – 30)	Examination	

Note: Examiner will set nine questions and the candidates will be required to attempt five questions in all. Question number one will be compulsory containing short answer type questions from all units. Further, examiner will set two questions from each unit and the candidates will be required to attempt one question from each Unit. All questions will carry equal marks.

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

- 1. Students will be able to get the basic knowledge of the Iron Age to the early medieval time period.
- 2. Students will be able to understand the cultural structures, events and then shape the world context.
- 3. Students will be able to get basic knowledge of evaluate the decline of different civilizations.
- 4. Students will be able to effectively understand the relationship of the civilizations to each other.

Unit - I

Iron Age Cultures in India

- 1. The beginning of Iron Age in India: Problems and Issues
- 2. Megalithic Culture of India: Origin, Distribution, Typology and Material Culture.
- 3. Painted Grey Ware Culture: Distribution, Material remains.
- 4. Second Urbanization

Unit - II

Iron Age Culture in Greece

- 1. Greek City States (Athens and Sparta): Political, Social and Economic Life, Greeco-Persian Wars, Peloponnesian Wars.w
- 2. The Athenian Empire, Athenian Democracy, Contribution of Greek Civilization

Iron Age Culture in Rome

- 1. Roman Republic and Empire: Social and Economic Life
- 2. Science & Technology
- 3. Decline of Rome
- 4. Contribution of Roman Civilization

Unit – III

Indian State and Society (Vedic Times to Gupta Period)

- 1. The Vedic Age: Society, State Structure, Economy, Religion
- 2. The Age of Reason and Revolt: Jainism and Buddhism
- 3. Agrarian Empires (Mauryan and Gupta): Society and Economy

Unit - IV

Indian State and Society in Post Gupta Period

- 1. Urban Decay in India
- 2. Decline of Trade
- 3. Origin and Development of Feudalism in India
- 4. Nature of Indian Feudalism

- Goyal, Shriram, Vishva ki Prachin Sabhyatayen, Varanasi, 1994
- Gupta, P. L., The Imperial Guptas: Cultural History, Varanasi, 1979
- Jha, D. N., Studies in Early Indian Economic History, New Delhi, 1980
- Korovkin, F., Prachin Vishva Itihas ka Paricheya, New Delhi, 1982
- Kosambi, D. D., An Introduction to the Study of Indian History, New Delhi, 2009
- Kumar, Rakesh, Ancient and Medieval World, New Delhi, 2018
- Majumdar, R. C., The Vedic Age of History and Culture of the Indian People, Mumbai, 2018
- Martin, Thomas R., Ancient Greece: From Prehistoric to Hellenistic Times, UK, 2000
- Mortimer, C., The Fall of Rome: Can it be Explained?, USA, 1963
- Pathak, S. M., Vishva Ki Prachin Sabhyataon ka Itihas, Patna, 1986
- Ray, U., Vishva Sabhyataon ka Itihas, Allahabad, 1922
- Rhys, T. S., Buddhism: Its History and Literature, New York, 1989
- Rhys, T. S., Gupta Samrajya, Varanasi, 1979
- Runnels, Curtis and M. Priscila, Greece Before History, An Archaeological Companion and Guide, California, 2001
- Sharma, R. S., Indian Feudalism, New Delhi, 2005
- Sircar, D. C., Land System and Feudalism in Ancient India, Calcutta, 1966
- Swain, James E., A History of World Civilization, New Delhi, 1984
- Thakur, V. K., Urbanization in Ancient India, New Delhi, 1981
- Thapar, Romila, History of India, Vol. I, New Delhi, 1990

Semester: 2nd Semester

Name of the Program	Post-Graduate Programme	Program Code	HIS2
Name of the Course	Medieval Societies (India)	Course Code	25HIS202DS02OD
Hours per week	4	Course Credits	4
Max. Marks	100 {External (term-end exam) -70 }	Time of	3 Hours
	(Internal - 30)	Examination	

Note: Examiner will set nine questions and the candidates will be required to attempt five questions in all. Question number one will be compulsory containing short answer type questions from all units. Further, examiner will set two questions from each unit and the candidates will be required to attempt one question from each Unit. All questions will carry equal marks.

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

- 1. Students will be able to evaluate the developments in Feudalism in India.
- 2. Students will be able to understand the decline of Feudalism and the advent of Capitalism.
- 3. Students will be able to understand the emergence of the new administrative institutions.
- 4. Students will be able to effectively understand the relationship of society through religion.

Unit - I

Structural Changes and Continuities

- 1. Transition from Ancient to Medieval Society and Advent of Turks.
- 2. Structure of medieval State (Sultanate and Mughal)
- 3. Theories on the Decline of Mughal Empire.

Unit – II

Administrative Institutions

- 1. Iqtadari System
- 2. Mansabdari-Jagirdari System
- 3. Zamindari Policy of Mughals.

Unit – III

Economic Developments

- 1. Urbanization (Sultanate)
- 2. Technological changes (Sultanate)
- 3. Village Community (Sultanate & Mughals)

Unit - IV

Social and Religious Salient's

- 1. Bhakti Movement
- 2. Sufi Movement
- 3. Structure of Society (Sultanate & Mughals)

- Ali, M. Athar, The Mughal Nobility Under Aurangzeb, Bombay, 1966
- Ashraf, K.M., Life and Conditions of the People of Hindustan, New Delhi, 1970
- Chandra, Satish, Essays in Medieval Indian Economic History, New Delhi, 1987
- Chandra, Satish, Essays on Medieval Indian History, New Delhi. 2003
- Chandra, Satish, Medieval India, Vols. 1 & 2, New Delhi, 2019
- Chandra, Satish, Parties and Politics at the Mughal Court, New Delhi, 1987
- Datta, Rajat, Rethinking A Millennium: Perspectives on Indian History from the Eight to Eighteenth Century, New Delhi, 2008
- Habib, Irfan, Madhyakalin Bharat, Vols. 1-8, New Delhi, 2003
- Husain, Yusuf, Glimpses of Medieval Indian Culture, Bombay, 1962
- Jackson, Peter, The Delhi Sultanate, A Political and Military History, New York, 1999
- Kulke, Hermann, State in India 1000-1700, New Delhi, 1997
- Mehta, J. L., Madhyakaleen Bharat : Ek Sankshipt Itihas, Chandigarh, 2012
- Mukhia, Harbans, Perspectives on Medieval History, New Delhi, 1993
- Raychaudhuri, Tapan & Irfan Habib, Cambridge Economic History of India C. 1200-1750, Vol. I, New, Delhi, 1982
- Sarkar, Jadunath, The Fall of the Mughal Empire, 4 Vols, New Delhi, 1988-92
- Siddiqui, I. H., Medieval India: Essays in Intellectual Thought Culture, New Delhi, 2003
- Streusand, Douglas E., The Formation of the Mughal Empire, New Delhi, 1989
- Verma, H. C., Madhyakalin Bharat, Vols. 1 & 2, New Delhi, 2015

Semester: 2nd Semester

Name of the	Post-Graduate Programme	Program Code	HIS2
Program			
Name of the Course	Modern World (Political Trends)	Course Code	25HIS202DS03OD
Hours per week	4	Course Credits	4
Max. Marks	100 {External (term-end exam) -70 }	Time of	3 Hours
	(Internal – 30)	Examination	

Note: Examiner will set nine questions and the candidates will be required to attempt five questions in all. Question number one will be compulsory containing short answer type questions from all units. Further, examiner will set two questions from each unit and the candidates will be required to attempt one question from each Unit. All questions will carry equal marks.

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

- 1. Students will be able to understand various socio-economic trends in the modern period.
- 2. Students will be able to evaluate how the modern west emerged through renaissance and other socio-economic developments.
- 3. Students will be able to evaluate how the new political system emerged.
- 4. Students will be able to effectively understand new order in the world in the form of socialism and about the world crisis of 1919 and 1939 which led to world wars.

Unit - I

French Revolution

- 1. Aims
- 2. Achievements
- 3. Reaction in Europe

Development of Liberalism in Britain

- 1. Background: Classical Liberalism
- 2. Beginning of Modern Liberalism
- 3. Results and Analysis

Rise of America

- 1. American Revolution
- 2. New Slavery
- 3. Economic Power

Unit – II

Rise of New Order

- 1. Socialist Movement
- 2. Russian Revolution-1917
- 3. Russia after Revolution
- 4. Reaction in the West

Theories of Nationalism:

- 1. Italy
- 2. Germany
- 3. Japan: Rise of Japan as Colonial Power and its Pan Asiatic Scheme

Unit – III

First World War

- 1. Origin
- 2. Nature
- 3. Impact
- 4. Peace Settlement

Totalitarian Regimes:

1. Fascism in Italy

- 2. Nazism in Germany
- 3. Communist Revolution in China 1949

Unit - IV

Second World War

- 1. Origin
- 2. Nature
- 3. Impact

Cold War Period

- 1. NATO
- 2. Warsaw Pact
- 3. Non-Alignment Movement

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- Carr, E. H., The Bolshevik Revolution, Vol. I, USA, 1966
- Chandra, Bipan, Nationalism and Colonialism in Modern India, New Delhi, 1996
- Cipolla, C. M., Fontana Economic History of Europe, Vol. III, New York, 1976
- Desai, A. R., Social Background of Indian Nationalism, New Delhi, 2023
- Dobb, Maurice, Studies in the Development of Capitalism, UK, 1974
- Dutt, R. P., India Today, England, 2006
- Emerson, Rupert, From Empire to Nation: The Rise to Self Assertion of Asian and African People, India Quarterly, Vol. 17 (2), 1961
- Fairbank, John, K. et al., East Asia: Modern Transformation, USA, 1965
- Hilton, Rodney, The Transition from Feudalism to Capitalism, New Delhi, 2010
- Hobsbawm, E. J., Nation and Nationalism, England, 1970
- Joll, Jomes, Origin of the First World War, London, 1984
- Jophson Chalmers A., Peasant Nationalism and Communist Power: The Emergency of Red China 1937-1945, California, 1962
- Lichthein, George, Short History of Socialism, UK, 1976
- Lucas, Colin, The French Revolution and the Making of Modern Political Culture. Vol. 2, UK, 1988
- McGlinchey, Stephen., International Relations, EBook, 2016
- Riasanovsky, N. V., A History of Russia, London, 1984
- Roth, J. J., World War II: A Turning Point in Modern History, Bangalore, 1967
- Snyder, Louis L., The Meaning of Nationalism, London, 1968
- Thompson, David, Europe Since Napoleon, Bangalore, 1962

Semester: 2nd Semester

Name of the Program	Post-Graduate Programme	Program Code	HIS2
Name of the Course	History of Haryana (Mughal to 1947)	Course Code	25HIS202DS04OD
Hours per week	4	Course Credits	4
Max. Marks	100 {External (term-end exam) – 70} (Internal – 30)	Time of Examination	3 Hours

Note: Examiner will set nine questions and the candidates will be required to attempt five questions in all. Question number one will be compulsory containing short answer type questions from all units. Further, examiner will set two questions from each unit and the candidates will be required to attempt one question from each Unit. All questions will carry equal marks.

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

- 1. Students will be able to understand the theme of regional history.
- 2. Students will be able to analyze the rise of various culture complexes in the region of Haryana.
- 3. Students will be able to evaluate the rise of the state formation and emergence of new power.
- 4. Students will be able to effectively explain and analyze the modern administrative units.

Unit - I

Mughal Period

- 1. First and Second Battle of Panipat, Hemu's Life & Achievements
- 2. Revolt of Satnamis
- 3. Paragana Administration
- 4. Economy Land Revenue System
- 5. Irrigation System
- 6. Bhakti and Sufi Movements

Unit – II

Politico-Religious Developments

- 1. Marathas Incursion
- 2. George Thomas
- 3. Sikh Intrusion
- 4. Arya Samaj
- 5. Sanatan Dharma Sabha
- 6. Development of Education & Literature

Unit – III

Political Movements

- 1. Revolt of 1857 : Causes, events, nature & effects
- 2. Rise of Nationalism
- 3. Political Condition (1885-1919)
- 4. Unionist Party and Sir Chhotu Ram

Unit - IV

Gandhian Movements

- 1. Non-Cooperation
- 2. Civil Disobedience
- 3. Quit India Movement
- 4. Praja Mandal Movement

References:

- Ashraf, K. M., Life and Conditions of the People of Hindustan, Calcutta, 1983
- Buddha Prakash, Glimpses of Haryana, Kurukshetra, 1969
- Buddha Prakash, Haryana through the Ages, Kurukshetra, 1962
- Datta, Nonica, Formation of an Identity: A Social History of Jats, New York, 1999
- Gupta, H. R., The Marathas and Battle of Panipat, New Delhi.
- Habib, Irfan, Cambridge Economic History of India, Cambridge, 1982
- Jagdish, Chander, Freedom Struggle in Haryana, Kurukshetra, 1982
- Kenneth, W. Jones, Arya Dharam, New Delhi, 1976
- Mittal, S. C., Haryana: A Historical Perspective, New Delhi, 1986
- Pardaman, Singh & S. P. Shukla, Freedom Struggle in Haryana and the Congress, 1885-1985, Chandigarh, 1985
- Phadke, H. A., Haryana: Ancient and Medieval, New Delhi, 1990
- Prem Chaudhary, Punjab Politics: The Role of Sir Chhotu Ram, New Delhi, 1985
- Ranjeet Singh, Haryana ke Arya Samaj ka Itihas, Rohtak, 1976
- Sen, S. P., Sources of the History of India, Vol. II, New Delhi, 1979
- Sharda, Sadhu Ram, Haryana-Ek Sanskritik Adyayan, Chandigarh, 1978
- Sharma, D., Early History of Chahamanas, Delhi, 1959
- Shukla, S. P., India's Freedom Struggle and Role of Haryana, New York, 1985
- Verma, D. C., Sir Chhotu Ram: His Life and Times, New Delhi, 1981
- Yadav, K. C., Rao Tula Ram and Revolt of 1857, Jallandhar, 1975
- Yadav, K. C., Revolt of 1857 in Haryana, New Delhi, 2023
- Yadav, K.C., Haryana: Itihas evam Sanskriti, Part 1 & 2, New Delhi, 1994

Semester: 2nd Semester

Name of the Program	Post-Graduate Programme	Program Code	HIS2
Name of the Course	State in India (Mughal to Modern)	Course Code	25HIS202DS05OD
Hours per week	4	Course Credits	4
Max. Marks	100 {External (term-end exam) -70 }	Time of	3 Hours
	(Internal - 30)	Examination	

Note: Examiner will set nine questions and the candidates will be required to attempt five questions in all. Question number one will be compulsory containing short answer type questions from all units. Further, examiner will set two questions from each unit and the candidates will be required to attempt one question from each Unit. All questions will carry equal marks.

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

- 1. Students will be able to evaluate and analyze institutional history.
- 2. Students will be able to evaluate the change and continuity with the time period.
- 3. Students will be able to understand the emergence of new power.
- 4. Students will be able to effectively formulate logical arguments substantiated with historical aspects.

Unit - I

The Mughal State

- 1. Nature of Mughal State
- 2. Central Administrative
- 3. Provincial Administrative

Unit – II

Administrative Institutions

- 1. Jagirdari System
- 2. Mansabdari System
- 3. Zamindari System

Unit – III

Colonial State

- 1. Political Economy
- 2. State Apparatus
- 3. Instruments of Legitimization

Unit – IV

Independent India

- 1. Constitutional Continuity
- 2. Constitutional Change
- 3. Visions of Modern Indian State: Nationalist, Communalist, Communist

- Alam, Muzaffer & Subra-manayam, Sanjay (ed.), The Crisis of Empire in Mughal North India: Awadh & Punjab 1707-1748, New Delhi, 2001
- Alam, Muzaffer & Subra-manayam, Sanjay (ed.), The Mughal State, 1526-1757, Oxford, 2000
- Anderson, Perry, Lineages of the Absolutist State, New York, 2013
- Athar, M.Ali, The Mughal Nobility under Aurangazeb, New Delhi, 2001
- Banerjee S. N., A Nation in Making, New Delhi, 2016
- Chandra, Satish, Parties and Politics at the Mughal Court (1707-1747AD), New Delhi, 2017
- Day, U. N., The Mughal Government, A.D. 1556-1707, New Delhi, 1970
- Dodwell, H. H., The Cambridge History of India, Vol. V and VI, London, 1929
- Douglas, E. Strensand, The Formation of the Mughal Empire, New Delhi, 1929
- Emerson, Rupert, From Empire to Nation: The Rise of Self-Assertions of Asian and African People, USA,
 1960
- Habib, Irfan, Madhakaleen Bharat, Vols. I-VIII, New Delhi, 1981-2003
- Hasan, Ibn, The Central Structure of the Mughal Empire in Northern India and its Practical Working upto the Year 1657, USA, 2018
- Hobsbawm, E. J., Nation and Nationalism, Cambridge, 1970
- Joll, James, Origin of the first World War, Longman, 1984
- Louis, I. Snyder, The Meaning of Nationalism, London, 1968
- Philips, C. H., The East India Company, 1784-1834, UK, 2006
- Qureshi, I. H., The Administration of the Mughal Empire, Patna, 1977
- Richards, J. F., Kingship and Authority in South Asia (Modison-1978), USA, 1978
- Saran, P., Provincial Govt. of the Mughals 1526-1658, New Delhi, 2021
- Sutherland, L., The East India Company in Eighteenth-century Politics, Michigan, 1952
- Thavaraj, M. J. K., The Concept of Asiatic Mode of Production: Its Relevance to Indian History, Social Scientist, Vol. 12 (7), 1984
- Verma, H. C., Madhyakaleen Bharat (750-1540AD), Vol. I, New Delhi, 1983

Semester: 2nd Semester (Skill-Ehancement Course)

Name of the	Post Graduate Programme	Program Code	HIS2	
Program				
Name of the Course	Nationalism in India	Course Code	25HIS202SE01OD	
Hours per week	4	Course Credits	4	
Formative Assessment			Marks	
Written test (2 X 15)			30	
MCQs/ Quizzes/ Group Discussion (2 X 10)		20		
Case study / Mini project (1 X 25)		25		
Seminar / Presentation	on (2 X 10)		20	
Attendance			05	
Max. Marks			100	

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

- 1. Students will be able to Evaluate and analyze of Nationalism and emergence of organized nationalism in India.
- 2. Students will be able toevaluate the nature of Gandhian movements.
- 3. Students will be able tounderstand Role of Subhash Chandra Bose, INA
- 4. Students will be able to effectively formulate working of Congress and Non-Congress Provincial Ministries and Communal Politics and Partition

Unit - I

- 1. Approaches to Indian Nationalism : Conceptual Debates
- 2. Emergence of Organized Nationalism.

Unit - II

- 1. Trends till 1919
- 2. Gandhian Movements Nature, Programme, Social Composition Limitations and Challenges

Unit - III

- 1. Revolutionary and Left Movements
- 2. Subhash Bose and INA and Telengana
- 3. States' Peoples' Movements

Unit - IV

- 1. Working of Congress and Non-Congress Provincial Ministries
- 2. Communal Politics and Partition

References:

- Desai, A. R., Social Background of Indian Nationalism, Bombay, 1949
- Tara Chand, History of the Freedom Movement Vol. I, II, III, IV (4 Vols.), Delhi, 1961
- Majumdar, R. C., History of Freedom Movement Vol. I, II, III, Calcutta, 1962-63
- Chandra Bipan, Communalism in Modern India, New Delhi, 1987
- Chandra Bipan, Struggle for Independence of Indi, New Delhi, 1987
- Dhankhar, Jaiveer S., A Short History of Hindustan Socialist Republic an Association, Delhi, 001
- Dhankhar, Jaiveer S., Prelude to Pakistan, Delhi, 2000
- Mahrotra, S. R., The Emergence of Indian National Congress, Delhi, 1971
- Sarkar, S., Modern India 1885-1947, New Delhi, 1983

SEMESTER - III

Semester: 3rd Semester

(OPTION-1A)

Session: <u>2026-27</u>	Historiography: Concepts, Methods &	Course Code	26HIS203DS01OD
Name of the Course	Tools-I		
Hours per week	4	Course	4
		Credits	
Max. Marks	100 {External (term-end exam) – 70}	Time of	3 Hours
	(Internal - 30)	Examination	

Note: Examiner will set nine questions and the candidates will be required to attempt five questions in all. Question number one will be compulsory containing short answer type questions from all units. Further, examiner will set two questions from each unit and the candidates will be required to attempt one question from each Unit. All questions will carry equal marks.

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

- 1. Students will be able todevelop their ability to assess critically historical analysis and argument, past and present.
- 2. Students will be able to an awareness of recent and contemporary debates in the theory, practice of historical writing and gain debate in history thinkers.
- 3. Students will be able tohow historical arguments have been and are made to become aware of historiographical traditions outside the West.
- 4. Students will be able to effectively formulate logical arguments substantiated with historical aspects.

Unit - I

History Definition and Scope

The Major Trends in History

- 1. From the Earliest times to Positivism and Documented History
- 2. From Political/ Military to Social History
- 3. The New Trends: Postmondernism and Gender

Some Major Thinkers on History

- 1. The Khaldun (1332-1406)
- 2. G.W.F. Hegal (1770-1831)
- 3. Karl Marx (1818-83)
- 4. Fernand Braudel (1902-1985)

Unit - II

Sources and their evaluation

- 1. Collection and Selection of Data
- 2. Kinds of evidence
- 3. External Criticism of sources
- 4. Internal Criticism of sources

Methodology

- 1. Generalization
- 2. Causation
- 3. Objectivity

Unit - III

The Pre-modern Traditions of Historical Writing

Early Tradition

- 1. Greeco-Roman Tradition
- 2. Chinese Tradition
- 3. Ancient Traditions

Medieval Traditions

- 1. Western
- 2. Arabic & Persian
- 3. Indo-Persian

Unit - IV

History and other Disciplines

- 1. History and the Social Sciences in General
- 2. History and Geography
- 3. History and Economics
- 4. History and Sociology
- 5. History and Anthropology
- 6. History and Psychology
- 7. History and political Science

References:

- Ali, B. Sheikh, History, Its Theory and Method, Madras, 1978
- Alvesson Mats, Postmodernism and Social Research (Understanding Social Research), New York, 2002
- Bajaj, S. K., Recent Trends in Historiography, New Delhi, 1998
- Bentley, Michael, Companion to Historiography, London, 1997
- Bhattacharya, Sabyaschi, Approaches to History: Essays In Indian Historiography, New Delhi, 2013
- Bloch, Marc, Itihaskar Ka Shilp, New Delhi, 2013
- Bloch, Marc, The Historian's Craft, England, 1954
- Boyd, Kelly (ed.), Encyclopaedia of Historians and Historical Writing, Vol. 1 & 2, London, 1999
- Bresach, Ernst, Hitoriography: Ancient, Medieval and Modern, Chicago, 2007
- Burrow, J.W., A History of Histories: Epics, Chronicles, Romance and Inquiries from Herodotus and Thucydides to the Twentieth Century, New York, 2008
- Canon, John, The Historians at Work, London, 1980
- Carr, E. H., Itihas Kya Hai, New Delhi, 2023
- Carr, E. H., What is History, London, 1964
- Chaube, Jharkhande, Itihaas Darshan, New Delhi, 1999
- Cheng, Eileen K., Historiography: An Introductory Guide, New Delhi, 2012
- Choudhury, Deba Prosad, The Idea of History in a Changing World, Calcutta, 2015

- Cohen, G.A., Karl Marx, Theory of History, New Jersey, 1978
- Collingwood, R.G., The Idea of History, England, 1946
- Fernand Braudel, On History, University of Chicago Press, USA, 1982
- Gardiner, Patrick, Theories of History, New York 1969
- Hobsbawm, Eric J., Itihaskar ki Chinta, New Delhi, 2007
- Hughes-Warrington, Marine, Fifty Great Thinkers on History, UK, 2004
- Iggers, George G., Q. Edward Wang and Supriya Mukherjee, A Global History of Modern Historiography, London, 2008
- Jenkins, Keith, Re-thinking History, London, 2003
- Jenkins, Keith, The Post Modern History Reader, London, 2000
- Lambert, Peter and Phillip Schofield, Making History An Introduction to the Practices of a Discipline, UK. 2004
- Marwick, Arthur, The Nature of History, London, 1970
- Marwick, Arthur, The New Nature of History: Knowledge, Evidence, Language, New Delhi, 2001
- Mukhia, Harbans, Historians and Historiography during the Reign of Akbar, New Delhi, 2017
- Singh, G. P., Ancient Indian Historiography: Sources and Interpretations, New Delhi, 2003
- Singh, G. P., Perspectives on Indian History, Historiography and Philosophy of History, New Delhi, 2009
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- Stone, Lawrence, The Past and the Present Revisited, UK, 1987
- Thomson, J.W., A History of Historical Writings (2 Vols), UK, 1942
- Verma, Lal Bahadur, Adhunik Vishwa Itihas ki Jhalak, New Delhi, 2017
- Woolf, D.R. (ed.) (1988), A Global Encyclopaedia of Historical Writing (1 & 2), New York, 2014

Semester: 3rd Semester

(Option-1D)

	(-1)		
Name of the	Post-Graduate Programme	Program Code	HIS2
Program			
Name of the Course	Political History of India (1757-1947	Course Code	26HIS203DS14OD
	A.D.)-I		
Hours per week	4	Course Credits	4
Max. Marks	100 {External (term-end exam) – 70}	Time of	3 Hours
	(Internal - 30)	Examination	

Note: Examiner will set nine questions and the candidates will be required to attempt five questions in all. Question number one will be compulsory containing short answer type questions from all units. Further, examiner will set two questions from each unit and the candidates will be required to attempt one question from each Unit. All questions will carry equal marks.

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

- 1. Students will be able to understand the sources of modern Indian History.
- 2. Students will be able tocritically analyse British power as a colonial.
- 3. Students will be able to understanddiplomatic means of British expansion.
- 4. Students will be able to analyse the nature of revolt of 1857.

Unit - I

Sources of Modern Indian History:

- 1. Archival Records
- 2. Private Papers
- 3. News Papers
- 4. Periodicals
- 5. Oral Traditions

Unit – II

Pre-Colonial Indian Polity

- 1. Decline of Mughal Empire
- 2. Rise of Successor States

Unit – III

Diplomatic Means of British Expansion

- 1. Subsidiary Alliance System
- 2. Political Settlement of 1817-1818
- 3. Doctrine of Lapse

The Paramountecy and aftermath:

- 1. Conquest of Sind
- 2. Annexation of Punjab

Unit – IV

Beyond Natural Frontiers

- 1. Nepal
- 2. Burma

The People's Response

- 1. Discontent and Disaffection during Company's Rule
- 2. Revolt of 1857 Nature, Participation and Impact

REFERENCES:

• Banerjee, A. C., A New History of Modern India 1707-1947, New Delhi, 1983

- Dodwell, H. H., The Cambridge History of India Vol. V, Cambridge, 1937
- Gupta, Brijan K., Sirajuddaula and the East India Company, New Delhi, 2020
- Majumdar, R. C., British Paramantacy and India's Renaissance Vol. X, Pt.1, Bombay, 1965-68
- Majumdar, R. C., The Sepoy Mutiny and Revolt of 1857, Calcutta, 1957
- Majumdar, R. C., K. K. Dutta & H. C. Ray, Advanced History of India, New Delhi, 1978
- Metcalfe, T. R., Aftermath of the Revolt, New Jersey, 1964
- Misra, B. B., Central Administration of the East India Company 1773-1834, New Delhi, 1959
- Misra, B. B., The Administrative History of India, 1834-1947: General Administration, New Delhi, 1970
- Mohibul Hasan, History of Tipu Sultan, New Delhi, 2005
- Moon, Penderal, Warren Hastings and British India, London, 1954
- Norris. J. A., The First Afghan War, 1838-42, London, 1967
- Pannikar, K. M., An Introduction to the study of the Relations of Indian States with the Government of India, London, 1932
- Philips, C. H., The East India Company, London, 1962
- Prasad Bisheshwar, Bondage and Freedom, Vol. I, New Delhi, 1977
- Roberts, P. E., India under Wellsley, UK, 1929
- Sardesai, G. S., New History of the Marathas Vols II. III, Bombay, 1946
- Sardesai, G. S., The Main Current of Maratha History, Bombay, 1933
- Sen, S. N., Eighteenth Fifty Seven, Delhi, Calcutta, 1958
- Sinha N. K., Ranjit Singh, New Delhi, 2023
- Spear, P., History of India, Vol. II, New Delhi, 1965
- Spear, P., Master of Bengal: Clive and His India, London, 1975
- Stokes, Eric, English Utilitarian and India, Oxford, 1959
- Sutherland, Lucy, The East India Company in the 18th Century Politics, Oxford, 1952
- Tara Chand, History of Freedom Movement Vol. I & II, New Delhi, 1991

Semester: 3rd Semester

Name of the	Post-Graduate Programme	Program Code	HIS2
Program			
Name of the Course	Indian National Movement (1885-	Course Code	26HIS203DS15OD
	1919)		
Hours per week	4	Course Credits	4
Max. Marks	100 {External (term-end exam) – 70}	Time of	3 Hours
	(Internal - 30)	Examination	

Note: Examiner will set nine questions and the candidates will be required to attempt five questions in all. Question number one will be compulsory containing short answer type questions from all units. Further, examiner will set two questions from each unit and the candidates will be required to attempt one question from each Unit. All questions will carry equal marks.

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

- 1. Students will be able to understandabout the Indian Nationalism and role of Indian National Congress.
- 2. Students will be able tocritically analyse the emergence of British Power and Indian resistances.
- 3. Students will be able to understand the emergence of Communal Politics and Era of Communal Coordination.
- 4. Students will be able to critically analyse the British reaction against the constitutional development.

Unit - I

Indian Nationalism

- 1. Emergence
- 2. Causes
- 3. Approaches

Indian National Congress

- 1. Pre-Congress Political Associations
- 2. Genesis
- 3. Theories

Unit – II

Nationalist Agitation: 1885-1905

- 1. Moderates Programmes and Ideology
- 2. Revolutionary Movement The First Phase

Nationalist Agitation: 1905-1919

- 1. Extremists- Programmes and Ideology
- 2. Anti-Partition of Bengal agitation- Swadesh Movement

Unit – III

Emergence of Communal Politics

- 1. Establishment of All India Muslim League 1906
- 2. Hindu Mahasabha

Era of Communal Co-ordination

- 1. Lucknow Pact-aims and impact
- 2. Home Rule Movement-aims, Programmes and impact

Unit - IV

India and the first World War

- 1. Impact of Indian National Movement
- 2. Rise of Left in Indian Politics

Constitutional Development - A British Reaction:

- 1. Indian Council Acts
- 2. Morley Minto Reforms-1909
- 3. Montague-Chelmsford Reforms-1919

REFERENCES:

- Argov, Daniel, Moderates and Extremists in the Indian National Movement, London, 1968
- Das, M. N., India under Morley and Minto, London, 1964
- Desai, A. R., Social Background of Indian Nationalism, Bombay, 1959
- Dhankhar, Jaiveer Singh, Prelude to Pakistan, Delhi, 2000
- Dutt, R. P., India Today, Bombay, 1949
- Madame Bhikhaiji Cama, A True Nationalist, Delhi, 1952
- Majumdar, R. C., History of Freedom Movement Vol. I, II, III, Calcutta, 1962
- Mehrotra, S. R., The Emergence of Indian National Congress, New Delhi, 1971
- Mujeeb, M., Indian Muslims, London 1967
- Sarkar, S., Modern India 1885-1947, New Delhi, 1983
- Sarkar, S., Swadeshi Movement in Bengal-1903-1908, New Delhi, 1973
- Seal, Anil, The Emergence of Indian Nationalism, Cambridge, 1968
- Singh, Parduman, Lord Minto and Indian Nationalism 1905-1910, Delhi, 2001
- Tara Chand, History of the Freedom Movement Vol. I, II, III, IV., Delhi, 1961
- Tripathi, A., The Extremist Challenge: India between 1890-1910, Calcutta, 1967
- Wolpert Stanley A., Tilak and Gokhle, California, 1962
- Yadav, B. D., Allan Octavian Hume-Father of the Congress, Delhi, 1992

Semester: 3rd Semester

Name of the	Post-Graduate Programme	Program Code	HIS2
Program	_		
Name of the Course	Society and Culture of India (1757-1947)-	Course Code	26HIS203DS16OD
	I		
Hours per week	4	Course Credits	4
Max. Marks	100 {External (term-end exam) – 70}	Time of	3 Hours
	(Internal – 30)	Examination	

Note: Examiner will set nine questions and the candidates will be required to attempt five questions in all. Question number one will be compulsory containing short answer type questions from all units. Further, examiner will set two questions from each unit and the candidates will be required to attempt one question from each Unit. All questions will carry equal marks.

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

- 1. Students will be able to understand about pre-British Indian society such as rural and urban.
- 2. Students will be able tocritically analyse British social policy
- 3. Students will be able to understand the education and its role in Socio-Political Consciousness.
- 4. Students will be able to critically analyse social reforms.

Unit - I

Pre-British Indian Society

- 1. General Features
- 2. Rural Society
- 3. Urban Society

Unit – II

British and Indian Society

- 1. Christian Missionaries
- 2. British Social Policy
- 3. Approaches-Evangelicalist and Orientalist

Growth of New Education

- 1. Wood's Dispatch and Aftermath
- 2. Its Role in Socio-Political Consciousness

Unit – III

Press

- 1. Rise and Growth of Press
- 2. Its Role in Socio-Political Consciousness

Literature

- 1. Hindi Literature
- 2. Bengali Literature
- 3. Role in Indian Cultural Renaissance

Unit – IV

Social Reforms

- 1. Sati
- 2. Infanticide
- 3. Window Remarriage Movement
- 4. Age of Consent Bill Agitation

Women's Emancipation

- 1. Status
- 2. Property Rights
- 3. Socio-Political Participation

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- Ballhachet, K. A., Social Policy and Social Change in Western India, 1817-1830, UK, 2008
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- Mukerji, D. P., Indian Culture: A Sociological Study, Bombay, 1948
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- Omalley L.S.S., Modern Indian and the West, New York, 1941
- Ravinder Kumar, Western India in 19th Century: A Study in the Social History of Maharashtra, New Delhi, 2006
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- Sen, S. Kumar, History of Bengali Literature, New Delhi, 1992
- Sharma, R. S., Indian Society: Historical Probings in Memory of D.D. Kosambi, New Delhi, 1958
- Sinha, N. K., History of Bengal, Calcutta, 1967
- Stokes, E., English Utilitarians and India, London, 1959
- Sumit Sarkar, Modern India, New Delhi, 1983
- Verma, Ram Kumar, Hindi Sahitya Ka Aalochanatmak Itihas, New Delhi, 2010

Semester: 3rd Semester

Name of the	Post-Graduate Programme	Program Code	HIS2
Program	_	_	
Name of the Course	Economic History of India (1757-	Course Code	26HIS203DS17OD
	1947)-I		
Hours per week	4	Course Credits	4
Max. Marks	100 {External (term-end exam) – 70}	Time of	3 Hours
	(Internal – 30)	Examination	

Note: Examiner will set nine questions and the candidates will be required to attempt five questions in all. Question number one will be compulsory containing short answer type questions from all units. Further, examiner will set two questions from each unit and the candidates will be required to attempt one question from each Unit. All questions will carry equal marks.

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

- 1. Students will be able to analyses pre-British Indian economy and aftermath.
- 2. Students will be able tocritically analyse disintegration of the rural economy.
- 3. Students will be able to understand the Colonial land revenue settlements.
- 4. Students will be able to understand Irrigation system and changes in it during the colonial period.

Unit – I

Pre-colonial Indian Economy

- 1. Rural economy: agriculture and artisans
- 2. Urban economy: artisans and manufacture
- 3. Rural and Urban trade

Disintegration of the pre-colonial economy

- 1. Debate over de-industrialization
- 2. Causes for the disintegration of the rural economy

Unit - II

Debate about Colonialism and its impact on Indian Economy

Population during the colonial period

- 1. Estimates prior to the first Censos of 1872
- 2. Patterns of population growth since 1872, with reference to Fertility rates, Mortality rates and Womenmen ratio
- 3. Debate over de-urbanization and trends of migration and workforce

National and Per-capita income:

- 1. Estimates and comparison
- 2. Contribution of Agriculture, Industry and Tertiary services

Unit – III

Rural Economy

- 1. Colonial land revenue settlements: Permanent Settlement, Ryotwari and Mahalwari
- 2. Commercialization of agriculture with reference to crop, land labour and credit markets

Rural Indebtedness and institutions to meet rural credit needs in colonial India

Peasant Revolt

Irrigation system and changes in it during the colonial period

Famines and the colonial Government

- 1. Causes, geographical spread and number of famines in colonial
- 2. Evolution of the colonial policy regarding famines

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- Bhattacharya, Dhires, A Concise History of Indian Economy: From the mid-Eighteen to the Present Century, Calcutta, 1972
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- Mishra, Girish, Agrarian Problems of Permanent Settlement, New Delhi, 1978
- Mukherjee, Aditya, The Return of the Colonial in Indian Economic History: The Last Phase of Colonialism in India, Presidential Address, Modern Section, Indian History Congress, 68th Session, New Delhi, 2007
- Raj, K. N., Essays on the Commercialization of Indian Agriculture, Kerla, 1985
- Roy, Tithankar, The Economic History of India, 1857-1947, New Delhi, 2006
- Singh, V. B., Economic History of India, 1857-1956, Bombay, 1975
- Sivasubramonian, S., National Income of India in the Twentieth Century, New Delhi, 2001
- Tomlinson, B. R., The Economy of Modern India, 1860-1970, Cambridge, 1993

Semester: 3rd Semester

Name of the	Post Graduate Programme	Program Code	HIS2
Program			
Name of the	Survey of Sources of Indian	Course Code	26HIS203SE01OD
Course	History		
Hours per week	4	Course Credits	4
Formative Assessment			Marks
Written test (2 X 15)			30
MCQs/ Quizzes/ Group Discussion (2 X 10)			20
Case study / Mini project (1 X 25)			25
Seminar / Presentation (2 X 10)			20
Attendance			05
Max. Marks			100

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

- 1. Students will be able to analyze Archaeological Sources and Literary Sources through out the period.
- 2. Students will be able to understand the importance aspects of historical facts.
- 3. Students will be able to obtain the interpretation of the autobiography source for historical studies.
- 4. Students will be able to effectively learnto use archival records as well as Private Papers and Newspapers and Periodicals

Unit - I

Sources of Ancient India-I

- 1. Archaeological Sources: Stone Tools, Pottery, Coins & Inscriptions
- 2. Literary Sources: Vedic Literature, Epics (Ramayan & Mahabharat), Buddhist and Jain Sources

Unit – II

Sources of Ancient India-II

- 1. Harsacharita, Rajtaringini
- 2. Megasthanes, Al Beruni
- 3. Arthashastra

Unit – III

Sources of Medieval India

- 1. Ziauddin Barani: Fatwa-i-Jahandari
- 2. Babur: Tuzak-i-Baburi
- 3. Abul Fazal: Akbar Nama (3 Vols)

Unit – IV

Sources of Modern India

- 1. Archival Records
- 2. Private Papers: Officials and Non-Officials
- 3. Newspapers and Periodicals

References:

- Akbar S. Ahmed, Discovering Islam: Making Sense of Muslim History and Society, New Delhi,
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- Alexander. Eugen, Megasthenis Indica, New York, 2012

- Beveridge, H., The Akbar Nama, New Delhi, 2022
- Bosworth, A. B., The Historical Setting of Megasthenes' Indica, Classical Philology, Vol. 91(2), 1996
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- Sarkar, Jagdish Narayan, History of History Writings in Medieval India, Calcutta, 1977
- Scheppler, Bill, Al-biruni: Master Astronomer And Influential Muslim Scholar of Eleventh-century Persia (Great Muslim Philosophers And Scientists of the Middle Ages), New York, 2006
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- VedVyas, Mahabhart, New Delhi, 2019
- Winternitz, M., History of Indian Literature 3 Vols., New Delhi, 1963-67

SEMESTER - IV

Name of the	Post-Graduate Programme	Program	HIS2
Program		Code	
Name of the	Historiography: Concepts, Methods & Tools-	Course Code	26HIS204DS01OD
Course	II		
Hours per week	4	Course	4
		Credits	
Max. Marks	100 {External (term-end exam) – 70}	Time of	3 Hours
	(Internal – 30)	Examination	

Note: Examiner will set nine questions and the candidates will be required to attempt five questions in all. Question number one will be compulsory containing short answer type questions from all units. Further, examiner will set two questions from each unit and the candidates will be required to attempt one question from each Unit. All questions will carry equal marks.

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

- 1. Students will be able to develop their ability to assess critically historical analysis and argument, past and present.
- 2. Students will be able to an awareness of recent and contemporary debates in the theory, practice of historical writing and gain debate in history approaches.
- 3. Students will be able tohow historical arguments have been and are made to become aware of historiographical traditions outside the West.
- 4. Students will be able to the opportunity to think reflexively about the nature of the historical enterprise within society.

Unit - I

Modern Approaches in History

- 1. Positivist
- 2. Classical Marxist
- 3. Later Marxist
- 4. Gender in History
- 5. Environment in History
- 6. Annals

Unit – II

Modern Indian Approaches in History

- 1. Colonial History Writing
- 2. Nationalist History Writing
- 3. Communalist History Writing
- 4. Marxist History Writing
- 5. Cambridge School and
- 6. Subaltern School

Unit – III

Major Debates in History

- 1. Rise of Feudalism
- 2. Rise of Capitalism
- 3. Origin of Imperialism
- 4. Origin of Nationalism

Making a Research Proposal

- 1. Choice of Subject
- 2. Survey of literature
- 3. Formulation of hypothesis
- 4. Identification of sources
- 5. Description of research methodology
- 6. Elaboration of research proposal

REFERENCES:

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- Bentley, Michael, Companion to Historiography, London, 1997
- Bloch, Marc, Itihaskar Ka Shilp, New Delhi, 2013
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- Hobsbawm, Eric J., Itihaskar ki Chinta, New Delhi, 2007
- Hughes, J. Donald, What is Environmental History? Cambridge, 2006
- Hughes-Warrington, Marine, Fifty Great Thinkers on History, UK, 2004
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- Sarkar, Sumit, Samajik Itihaas Lekhan Ki Chunauti, Delhi, 2001

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- Woolf, D. R., A Global Encyclopaedia of Historical Writing, Volumes 1 & 2, New York, 1988

Name of the	Post-Graduate Programme	Program	HIS2
Program	_	Code	
Name of the Course	Political History of India (1757-1947 A.D.)	Course Code	26HIS204DS14OD
	- II		
Hours per week	4	Course	4
		Credits	
Max. Marks	100 {External (term-end exam) – 70}	Time of	3 Hours
	(Internal – 30)	Examination	

Note: Examiner will set nine questions and the candidates will be required to attempt five questions in all. Question number one will be compulsory containing short answer type questions from all units. Further, examiner will set two questions from each unit and the candidates will be required to attempt one question from each Unit. All questions will carry equal marks.

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

- 1. Students will be able to understandthe Arms of the state i.e. Army, law, Police and Civil services.
- 2. Students will be able to understand relation with Indian state.
- 3. Students will be able to understand diplomatic policies.
- 4. Students will be able to analyse the nature of vision of New India and World Non-Alignment Movement

Unit - I

Administrative Structure

- 1. District Administration
- 2. Provincial Administration
- 3. Central Administration

Arms of the State

- 1. Army
- 2. Law
- 3. Police
- 4. Civil Services

Unit – II

Relations with Indian States

- 1. Policy of Ring Fence
- 2. Policy of Subordinate Isolation
- 3. Policy of Subordinate union

Afghan Policy

- 1. First Afghan War
- 2. Policy of Masterly Inactivity
- 3. IInd Afghan War

Unit – III

Foreign Policy of Colonial State

- 1. Compulsions
- 2. Evolution

Foreign Affairs

- 1. N.W. Frontier Policy
- 2. Persia and Persian Gulf Policy
- 3. Tibet Policy

Indian Union and Princely States

- 1. Problem
- 2. Integration with India

Independent India

- 1. Visions of New India
- 2. India and the World Non-Alignment Movement

REFERENCES:

- Banerjee, A. C., A New History of Modern India 1707-1947, New Delhi, 1983
- Dodwell, H.H., The Cambridge History of India Vol. V, Cambridge, 1937
- Gupta, Brijan K., Sirajuddaula and the East India Company, New Delhi, 2020
- Majumdar, R. C., British Paramantacy and India's Renaissance Vol. X, Pt.1, Bombay, 1965-68
- Metcalfe, T. R., Aftermath of the Revolt, New Jersey, 1964
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- R. C. Majumdar, and Dutta K.K. & Ch., H.C. Ray, Advanced History of India Vol. III, New Delhi, 1978
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- Stokes, Eric, English Utilitarian and India, Oxford, 1959
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- Tara Chand, History of Freedom Movement Vol. I & II, Delhi, 1991
- Smith B., Life of Lord Lawrence, Vols.II, London, 1885
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- Moulton, E. D., Lord North brook's Indian Administration 1872-1876, New York, 1968
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- Dilks, David, Curzon in India 3 Vol. UK, 1970

- Lover, Frazer, India under Curzon and After, London, 1904
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- Bisheshwar Prasad, Bondage and Freedom: A History of Modern India (1707-1947), Vol. 2, Delhi, 1979
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- Edward Thampson and Garrett G. T., The Rise and Fulfilment of British Rule in India, London, 1934

Name of the	Post-Graduate Programme	Program Code	HIS2
Program			
Name of the Course	Indian National Movement (1920-	Course Code	26HIS204DS15OD
	1947)		
Hours per week	4	Course Credits	4
Max. Marks	100 {External (term-end exam) -70 }	Time of	3 Hours
	(Internal – 30)	Examination	

Note: Examiner will set nine questions and the candidates will be required to attempt five questions in all. Question number one will be compulsory containing short answer type questions from all units. Further, examiner will set two questions from each unit and the candidates will be required to attempt one question from each Unit. All questions will carry equal marks.

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

- 1. Students will be able to understanda Rise of Gandhi and their movements.
- 2. Students will be able tocritically analyse the revolutionary movements.
- 3. Students will be able tounderstand the communalism and its zenith.
- 4. Students will be able to critically analyse the British reaction and transfer of power to India.

Unit - I

Emergence of Mass Movements

- 1. Rise of Gandhi and Non-Cooperation khilafat Movement
- 2. Swarajists-Programmes and Impact

Civil Disobedience Movement

- 1. Aims, Social Composition and Impact
- 2. British Response Communal Award, Round table conference
- 3. Government of India Act 1935

Unit - II

The Last Phase of Revolutionary Movement:

- 1. Formation of H.R.A.-H.S.R.A.
- 2. Aims and Activities
- 3. Impact on National Movement

Indian National Congress and Socialist Movement:

- 1. Congress Socialist Party
- 2. Forward Bloc-I.N.A.

Unit – III

Quit Indian Movement

- 1. Background
- 2. Activities
- 3. Impact

States People's Conference

- 1. Emergence
- 2. Praja Mandal Movement in Various Indian States

Communalism at its Zenith

- 1. Demand for Pakistan
- 2. Growth of Muslim League
- 3. Partition of India

British Response-Transfer of Power

- 1. Cripp's Mission 1942
- 2. Cabinet Mission- 1946
- 3. Mount Batten Plan 1947

REFERENCES:

- Argov, Daniel, Moderates and Extremists in the Indian National Movement
- Bhuyan, Arun, The Quit India Movement, New Delhi, 1975
- Brown, Judith, Ganhi's Rise to Power: Indian Politics 1915-1922, Cambridge, 1972
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- Das, M. N., India under Morley and Minto, London, 1964
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- Majumdar, R. C., History of Freedom Movement Vol. I, II, III, Calcutta, 1962
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- Minault, Gail, Khilafat Movement: The Religious symbolism and Political Mobilization in India, New York, 1982
- Mujeeb, M., Indian Muslims, London 1967
- Pradhan, G., India's Struggle for Swaraj, Madras, 1924
- Raghuvanshi, V.P.S., Indian National Movement and thought, New Delhi, 1959
- Sarkar, S., Modern India 1885-1947, New Delhi, 1983
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- Seal, Anil, The Emergence of Indian Nationalism, Cambridge, 1968
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- Wolpert Stanley A., Tilak and Gokhle, California, 1962
- Yadav, B. D., Allan Octavian Hume-Father of the Congress, Delhi, 1992

Name of the	Post-Graduate Programme	Program Code	HIS2
Program			
Name of the Course	Society and Culture of India (1757-	Course Code	26HIS204DS16OD
	1947)-II		
Hours per week	4	Course Credits	4
Max. Marks	100 {External (term-end exam) – 70}	Time of	3 Hours
	(Internal - 30)	Examination	

Note: Examiner will set nine questions and the candidates will be required to attempt five questions in all. Question number one will be compulsory containing short answer type questions from all units. Further, examiner will set two questions from each unit and the candidates will be required to attempt one question from each Unit. All questions will carry equal marks.

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

- 1. Students will be able to understandemergence of new classes and role of middle class in Modernization.
- 2. Students will be able legacy of cultural renaissance.
- 3. Students will be able tounderstand Revivalist depressed class movements.
- 4. Students will be able to critically analyse British rule and their impacts on Indian society.

Unit - I

New Classes

- 1. Rise of New Classes
- 2. Role of Middle Class in Modernization

Tradition and Modernity

- 1. Concept
- 2. Process

Unit – II

Indian Cultural Renaissance

- 1. Causes and Nature
- 2. Raja Ram Mohan Roy and Brahmo Samaj

Legacy of Cultural Renaissance:

- 1. Ram Krishan Mission
- 2. Theosophical

Unit – III

Revivalist Movements

- 1. Wahabi Movement
- 2. Arya Samaj Movement

Aligarh Movement

- 1. Sir Syed Ahmed Khan and Aligarh Movement
- 2. Role in Education
- 3. Impact on Indian Muslims

Depressed Class Movement

- 1. Its Rise and Growth
- 2. Problem of Untouchability
- 3. Factors for its Amelioration

British Rule and Indian Society

- 1. Impact
- 2. Continuity and change

REFERENCES:

- Ahmed A. F. S., Social Ideas and Social change in Bengal: 1818-1835, Calcutta, 1965
- Ahmed, Q., The Wahabi Movement in India, Calcutta, 1966
- Baird, Robert, Religion in India, New Delhi, 1981
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Name of the Program	Post-Graduate Programme	Program Code	HIS2
	Economic History of India (1757-1947)-II	Course Code	26HIS204DS17OD
Hours per week	4	Course Credits	4
Max. Marks	100 {External (term-end exam) – 70} (Internal – 30)	Time of Examination	3 Hours

Note: Examiner will set nine questions and the candidates will be required to attempt five questions in all. Question number one will be compulsory containing short answer type questions from all units. Further, examiner will set two questions from each unit and the candidates will be required to attempt one question from each Unit. All questions will carry equal marks.

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

- 1. Students will be able to analyses pre-British Indian economy and aftermath.
- 2. Students will be able tocritically analyse disintegration of the rural economy.
- 3. Students will be able to understand the Colonial land revenue settlements.
- 4. Students will be able to understand Irrigation system and changes in it during the colonial period.

Unit - I

1. Foreign trade in colonial India with reference to

- a. Mercantilism
- b. Industrial capatalism
- c. Finance capitalism
- 2. Price Movements
- 3. Tariff Policy

Unit – II

1. Urban Markets and growth/decline of urban centres in colonial India

- 2. Industries in colonial India
 - a. Select industries like: Cotton textiles, Jute, iron and steel
 - b. Industrial policy in colonial India

3. Artisans and small-scale industry, especially handlooms

Unit – III

- 1. Theory about the Drain of wealth
- 2. Tax Structure, Public Expenditure and Government Revenues under the Crown, especially as per Act(s) of 1919 & 1935
- 3. Banking system

Unit - IV

- 1. Environment, Forests and the Colonial State
- 2. Labour and the trade union movement
- 3. Consequences of colonial rule on Indian economy

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Name of the	Post Graduate Programme	Program Code	HIS2
Program			
Name of the	Regional History	Course Code	26HIS204SE01OD
Course			
Hours per week	4	Course Credits	4
	Formative Assessment		Marks
Written test (2 X 15)			30
MCQs/ Quizzes/ Group Discussion (2 X 10)			20
Case study / Mini project (1 X 25)			25
Seminar / Presentation (2 X 10)			20
Attendance			05
Max. Marks			100

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):

- 1. Students will be able tounderstand local and oral history.
- 2. Students will be able tounderstand the hierarchy of the regions.
- 3. Students will be able tounderstand formation of regions.
- 4. Students will be able to understand how to write regional history.

Unit - I

Introduction

- 1. Define Local History: Meaning and Concept
- 2. Development of Local History
- 3. Total History and Interdisciplinary approach
- 4. Oral History

Unit – II

Concept of Regions

- 1. The Dynamic of Regional Transformation
- 2. Force of Regions in Indian History
- 3. The Hierarchy of Regions: Major Geographical Influences, Nuclear Regions and Settlement Structure in Time and Space

Unit – III

Formation of some Regions in India

- 1. The Gangetic Basin
- 2. The Tamil Country
- 3. The Deccan: Andhra and Maharashtra
- 4. Kalinga and Ancient Orissa
- 5. The North-West

Unit - IV

Writing Regional History

1. Writing Local History-Different Approaches

- 2. Sources of Data: Primary and Secondary
- 3. Methods/Tools of Data
- 4. Analysis of Data

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